The listing of claims provided below replaces all prior versions, and listings, of

claims in the application.

1. (Previously Presented) A processor for executing a secure hash

algorithm (SHA) computation on a message, comprising:

a core having a first execution unit and a second execution unit, wherein an output

of the first execution unit is connected to an input of the second execution unit, wherein

the first execution unit is defined to perform a schedule computation on a data block of

the message, the first execution unit defined to communicate a partial result of the

schedule computation on the data block through its output to the input of the second

execution unit when the partial result becomes available and prior to completion of the

schedule computation on the data block, wherein the second execution unit is defined to

perform a compression function on the partial result received from the first execution unit

in parallel with the first execution unit continuing the schedule computation on the data

block.

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2. (Previously Presented) A processor for executing a secure hash

algorithm (SHA) of claim 1, wherein the first execution unit is a single instruction

multiple data (SIMD) execution unit.

3. (Previously Presented) A processor for executing a secure hash

algorithm (SHA) of claim 1, wherein the second execution unit is an integer execution

unit.

AMENDMENT Page 2 SUNMP501/KDW

Application No.: 10/783,859

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Amendment Dated: August 18, 2008

Reply to Final Office Action Dated: May 19, 2008

4. (Previously Presented) A processor for executing a secure hash algorithm (SHA) of claim 1, wherein the message is a parsed padded message.

5. (Previously Presented) A processor for executing a secure hash algorithm (SHA) of claim 4, wherein the parsed padded message includes an original

message and a plurality of pad bits, the original message being a plurality of bits.

6. (Previously Presented) A processor for executing a secure hash algorithm (SHA) of claim 1, wherein the partial result includes a group of bits represented as a hexadecimal value.

7. (Previously Presented) A processor for cryptographic computation, comprising:

a first execution unit defined to perform a message schedule computation on a data block and produce a partial result of the schedule computation on the data block prior to completion of the schedule computation on the data block, wherein the partial result includes a group of bits capable of being represented by a hexadecimal value, the first execution unit further defined to have an output through which the partial result is communicated; and

a second execution unit defined to have an input to which the output of the first execution unit is connected, the second execution unit defined to receive the partial result from the first execution unit through the input and to perform a compression function on the partial result while the first execution unit continues performing the message schedule computation on the data block.

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Application No.: 10/783,859 Amendment Dated: August 18, 2008

Reply to Final Office Action Dated: May 19, 2008

8. (Previously Presented) A processor for cryptographic computation of claim 7, wherein the first execution unit is defined to receive a plurality of blocks, the plurality of blocks including an original message and a plurality of pad bits.

9. (Previously Presented) A processor for cryptographic computation of claim 8, wherein the first execution unit is defined to perform a rotation operation on the plurality of blocks as part of the message schedule computation.

10-11. (Cancelled)

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12. (Previously Presented) A method, comprising:

receiving a message; and

performing a cryptographic computation on the message, the cryptographic computation including a hash computation including,

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performing a message schedule computation on a block of data using a first execution unit, whereby a partial result of the message schedule computation is generated prior to completion of the message schedule computation,

communicating the partial result from an output of the first execution unit to an input of a second execution unit while the message schedule computation on the block of data continues using the first execution unit, and

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performing a compression function on the partial result using the second execution unit while the message schedule computation on the block of data continues using the first execution unit.

AMENDMENT Page 4 SUNMP501/KDW

Application No.: 10/783,859

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Amendment Dated: August 18, 2008

Reply to Final Office Action Dated: May 19, 2008

13. (Previously Presented) A method of claim 12, wherein the cryptographic computation includes a preprocessing operation including,

padding the message to generate a padded version of the message;

parsing the padded version of the message; and

setting initial hash values to be used in the hash computation.

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Original) A method of claim 12, wherein performing the message schedule computation further includes assigning rotated bits in the block of data to the partial result.

16. (Cancelled)

17. (Previously Presented) A method for a one-way cryptographic hash computation, comprising:

operating a first execution unit to perform a message schedule computation on a data block to produce a partial result of the message schedule computation on the data block;

sending the partial result through an output of the first execution unit to an input of a second execution unit while the first execution unit continues to operate to perform the message schedule computation on the block of data; and

operating a second execution unit to perform a compression function on the partial result while the first execution unit continues performing the message schedule computation on the data block.

AMENDMENT Page 5 SUNMP501/KDW

Application No.: 10/783,859 Amendment Dated: August 18, 2008 Reply to Final Office Action Dated: May 19, 2008

18. (Previously Presented) A method for a one-way cryptographic hash computation of claim 17, wherein operating the first execution unit to perform the message schedule computation includes rotating bits in the data block.

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19. (Previously Presented) A method for a one-way cryptographic hash computation of claim 17, wherein operating the second execution unit to perform the compression function includes rotating bits in the partial result.

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20-27. (Cancelled)